

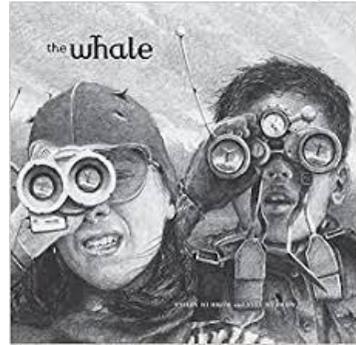


	<b>Autumn 1 (6 weeks)</b>	<b>Autumn 2 (7 weeks)</b>
<b>RE</b>	<p><b>The Bible</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• To know that the Bible is one story told through many different books • To know that the Bible is an account of God’s relationship with His people</li> <li>• To know that the Bible is a living book through which God speaks to us and explore how the Bible helps us • To know how to find a Bible reference</li> <li>• To know the stories of the Bible, including Abraham, Moses, David, Joseph and Jonah</li> <li>• To think about the challenges and blessings Abraham experienced</li> <li>• To reflect on what we can learn from Moses’ experience</li> <li>• To reflect on David’s trust in God</li> <li>• To know that the Bible is a story of God’s love and concern for us</li> <li>• To know what God is telling us about himself in the Bible and reflect on some things God tells us</li> </ul>	<p><b>Trust in God</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• To understand the importance of trusting in God and Jesus’ teaching on the importance of trusting him</li> <li>• To know that it is not always easy to trust in God</li> <li>• To reflect on times we have found it difficult to trust</li> <li>• To know the story of Zechariah</li> <li>• To reflect on how Zechariah had to trust in God</li> <li>• To know that Mary trusted in God and the promise God made to Mary at the Annunciation</li> <li>• To know how Joseph put his trust in God when the angel appeared to him</li> <li>• To reflect on how Mary and Joseph placed all their trust in God</li> <li>• To know that God fulfilled his promise to Mary when Jesus, the Son of God, was born; reflect on the importance of keeping promises</li> <li>• To know why God sent Jesus to earth; reflect on who Jesus is for us</li> </ul>

<p><b>Maths</b></p>	<p><b>Place Value (4 weeks)</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• count in multiples of 6, 7, 9, 25 and 1,000</li> <li>• find 1,000 more or less than a given number</li> <li>• count backwards through 0 to include negative numbers</li> <li>• recognise the place value of each digit in a four-digit number</li> <li>• order and compare numbers beyond 1,000</li> <li>• identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations</li> <li>• round any number to the nearest 10, 100 or 1,000</li> <li>• solve number and practical problems that involve all of the above and with increasingly large positive numbers</li> <li>• read Roman numerals to 100 (I to C) and know that over time, the numeral system changed to include the concept of 0 and place value.</li> </ul>	<p><b>Addition &amp; Subtraction (continued)</b></p> <p><b>Length and Perimeter (2 weeks)</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Convert between different units of measure</li> <li>• Measure and calculate the perimeter of a rectilinear figure (including squares) in centimetres and metres</li> </ul> <p><b>Multiplication and Division (3 weeks)</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• recall multiplication and division facts for multiplication tables up to <math>12 \times 12</math></li> <li>• use place value, known and derived facts to multiply and divide mentally, including: multiplying by 0 and 1; dividing by 1; multiplying together 3 numbers</li> </ul>
		<p><b>Addition &amp; Subtraction (3 weeks)</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• add and subtract numbers with up to 4 digits using the formal written methods of columnar addition and subtraction where appropriate</li> <li>• estimate and use inverse operations to check answers to a calculation</li> <li>• solve addition and subtraction two-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why.</li> </ul>

## English

**Class Novel:** The Whale The Whale by Vita Murrow

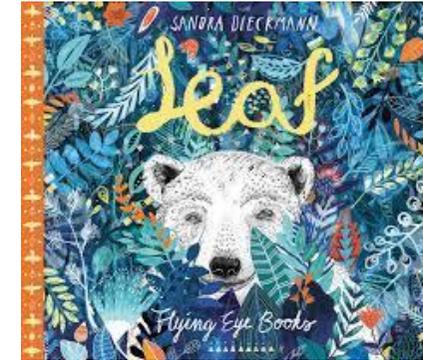


**Writing Types:** retell, narrative, setting description

**Composition:**

- Draw upon similar material to inform planning of structure, vocabular and grammar.
- Plan writing by discussing and recording ideas
- Draft and write by composing and rehearsing sentences orally (including dialogue), building a varied and rich vocabulary and using sentence structures (English Appendix 2)
- Grammar focus: noun phrases expanded by the addition of modifying adjectives, nouns and prepositions, fronted adverbials, inverted commas and other punctuation to indicate direct speech, to use commas after fronted adverbials

**Class Novel:** Jemmy Button



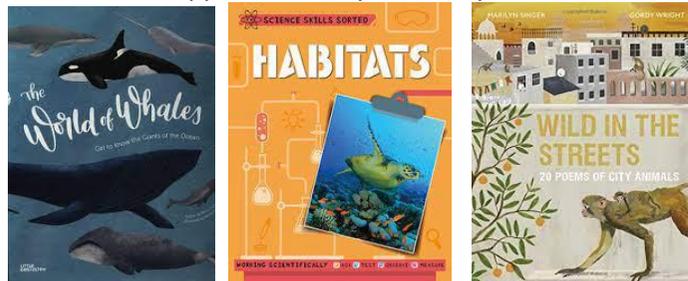
**Writing Types:** outsider narrative and information report

**Composition:**

- Evaluate and edit by assessing the effectiveness of own and others' writing and suggesting improvements
- Evaluate and edit by proposing changes to grammar and vocabulary to improve consistency, including the accurate use of pronouns in sentences, expanded noun phrases and fronted adverbials
- Grammar focus: noun phrases expanded by the addition of modifying adjectives, nouns and preposition phrases, fronted adverbials, determiner, pronoun, possessive pronoun, adverbial

## Reading

Class Novels supplemented by other key materials including e-books, non-fiction extracts.



- Maintain positive attitudes to reading and promote reading for a range of purposes.
- Reading a wide range of books, including fairy stories, myths and legends, and retell some of these orally.
- Identify themes and conventions in a wide range of books
- Understand independent reading by asking questions to improve their understanding of text with increasing complexity.

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Identify how language, structure, and presentation contribute to meaning, to include: paragraphs, use of pronouns for cohesion, inverted commas for speech, apostrophes to mark possession, fronted adverbials.</li> </ul> <p>Focus on Key Reading Skills using VIPERS:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>Vocabulary:</b> using dictionaries to check the meaning of words</li> <li><b>Infer:</b> understand what they read by drawing inferences such as characters' feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions, begin to justify inferences with evidence.</li> <li><b>Predict:</b> predicting what might happen from details stated and implied</li> <li><b>Explain:</b> show understanding through explaining the meaning of words in context</li> <li><b>Retrieve:</b> retrieve key information from a text</li> <li><b>Summarise:</b> understand what he/she reads independently by identifying main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph and summarise these</li> </ul>	
<b>Spelling</b>	<p><b>Spellings</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Homophones or near homophones</li> <li>The prefix 'in-'</li> <li>Before a root word starting with l, the 'in-' prefix becomes 'il-'. Before a root word starting with r the prefix 'in-' becomes 'ir-'</li> <li>The prefix 'sub-' which means under or below.</li> <li>The prefix 'inter-' means between, amongst or during</li> </ul>	<p><b>Spellings</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Spelling sh</li> <li>The suffix '-ation' is added to verbs to form nouns.</li> <li>The suffix '-ation' is added to verbs to form nouns.</li> <li>Adding -ly to adverbs. Remembering words ending in 'y' become '-ily' and words ending in '-le' become '-ly.'</li> <li>Adding '-ly' to to turn an adjective into an adverb when</li> </ul>
<b>PSHCE</b>	<p><b>Being Me in My World</b></p> <p>Becoming a Class  Team Being a School Citizen  Rights, Responsibilities and Democracy  Rewards and Consequences  Our Learning Charter  Owning Our Learning Charter</p>	<p><b>Celebrating Difference</b></p> <p>Judging by Appearances  Understanding influences  Understanding Bullying  Problem-solving  Special Me Puzzle outcome: Frames  Celebrating Difference: how we look</p>
<b>Geography/ History</b>	<p><b>Anglo-Saxons, Picts and Scots</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>archaeological evidence at Sutton Hoo</li> <li>find out who the AngloSaxons were</li> <li>find out who the Picts and Scots were</li> <li>use various historical sources</li> <li>explore Anglo-Saxon culture including art, music, legends and poetry</li> <li>explore the spread of Christianity in Britain.</li> <li>draw conclusions about Sutton Hoo</li> </ul>	<p><b>Our European Neighbours</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>locate Europe on a world map and find out about its features.</li> <li>identify and locate countries in Europe.</li> <li>identify European countries according to their features.</li> <li>identify the major capital cities of Europe.</li> <li>compare two European capital cities.</li> <li>find out about the human and physical features of a European country.</li> </ul>

<p><b>Design Technology/ ART</b></p>	<p><b>Vincent Van Gogh – Sunflowers</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Use lines to create depth and</li> <li>• Use colours and lines to create shade and tint.</li> <li>• Revisit and develop ideas.</li> <li>• Use lines to create movement.</li> <li>• Develop sketching techniques.</li> </ul>	<p><b>Storybooks</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• investigate and evaluate products with lever and linkage systems.</li> <li>• experiment with a range of techniques to create moving mechanisms.</li> <li>• explore and experiment with a range of different fonts and graphic techniques.</li> <li>• plan and design a storybook.</li> <li>• make a storybook with moving mechanisms using a design.</li> <li>• evaluate a finished product.</li> </ul>
<p><b>Computing</b></p>	<p><b>Comic Books</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Use a variety of tools to create a program</li> <li>• Use an efficient procedure to simplify a program</li> <li>• Recognise an error in a program and debug it</li> <li>• Know that I need to keep testing my program while I am putting it together</li> <li>• Understand what an algorithm is</li> <li>• Recognise that using algorithms will also help solve problems in other learning, such as Maths</li> </ul>	
<p><b>Science</b></p> <p><b>Main scientific enquiry strand</b></p>	<p><b>States of Matter</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Compare and group materials together, according to whether they are solids, liquids or gases</li> <li>• Observe that some materials change state when they are heated or cooled, and measure or research the temperature at which this happens in degrees Celsius (°C)</li> <li>• Identify the part played by evaporation and condensation in the water cycle and associate the rate of evaporation with temperature</li> </ul> <p><b>Comparative &amp; Fair Testing</b></p> <p><b>Observing Over Time</b></p>	<p><b>Electricity</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Identify common appliances that run on electricity</li> <li>• Construct a simple series electrical circuit, identifying and naming its basic parts, including cells, wires, bulbs, switches and buzzers</li> <li>• Identify whether or not a lamp will light in a simple series circuit, based on whether or not the lamp is part of a complete loop with a battery</li> <li>• Recognise that a switch opens and closes a circuit and associate this with whether or not a lamp lights in a simple series circuit</li> <li>• Recognise some common conductors and insulators, and associate metals with being good conductors</li> </ul> <p><b>Pattern Seeking</b></p>
<p><b>Music</b></p>	<p><b>Choral music</b></p>	

PE

**Outdoor Games**

- Hand-eye coordination
- Fine motor skills
- Gross motor skills

Teamwork